

PeopleSoft Training Document Financials 9.2 Create a Purchase Order

Functional Area	Purchasing	
Process Area	Buyer	
Processes covered in this document	1.1.1 Create a Purchase Order –	
	Quantity and Value	
	1.1.2 Split GL Codes	
	1.1.3 Add Project Information	
	1.1.4 On Hold Purchase Orders	
	1.1.5 Copy a Purchase Order	
Process Map Reference	Unitec Processes 9.2	

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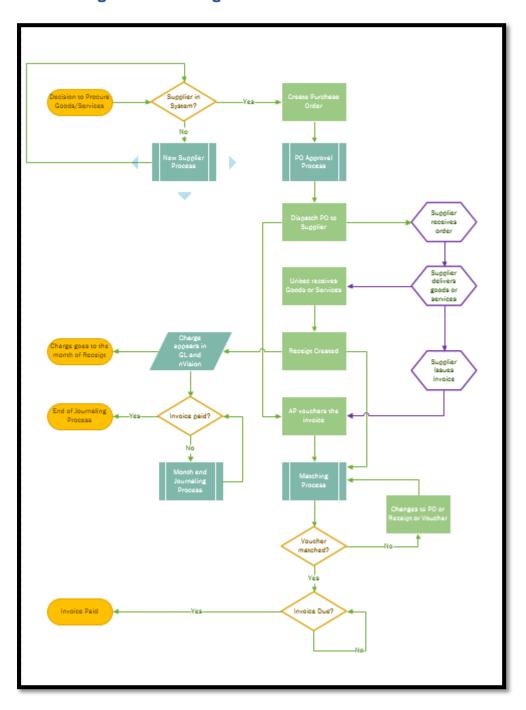
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Create a Purchase Order

This section defines how to raise a purchase order (PO) for the following scenarios:

- 1. Create a PO for items ordered by quantity
- Create a PO for items order by amount only
 Create a PO for multiple departments
- 4. Copy a PO

Purchasing Process Diagram



An Approved PO must exist in PeopleSoft before an order can be placed with a supplier.



All purchase orders are to be raised using the PeopleSoft Express PO functionality

NZ Purchase Order

When raising the PO, the buyer uses amounts exclusive of NZ GST. The system will calculate the appropriate GST based on the supplier setting.

Off Shore

Overseas GST or VAT amounts must be included in the Purchase Order amounts. Overseas suppliers are configured so the system does not calculate GST

- The routing of a purchase order for approval is determined as follows:
 - If single department on PO, routing is by department code and delegated financial authority (DFA)
 - If multiple departments on PO, routing is by the buyers reporting line and associated DFA.
 - The workflow is fixed and the buyer is not able to change it. If routing is incorrect, or an individual PO is to be sent to a different approver, please contact the procurement team.

Create a Quantity PO for Goods



When creating a Purchase Order for goods best practice is to order by quantity not by value ('amount only').

If ordering 5 items, then 5 should be entered in the quantity field, with the price for a single item entered in the price field. This then allows for receipting of short delivered goods, and also to transfer the items into the asset register where this is required.

Quantity PO is also to be used for "hourly rate" Purchase Orders.

Objective

Create an express PO for ordering goods from a supplier.

Things you need before starting to enter your Purchase Order:

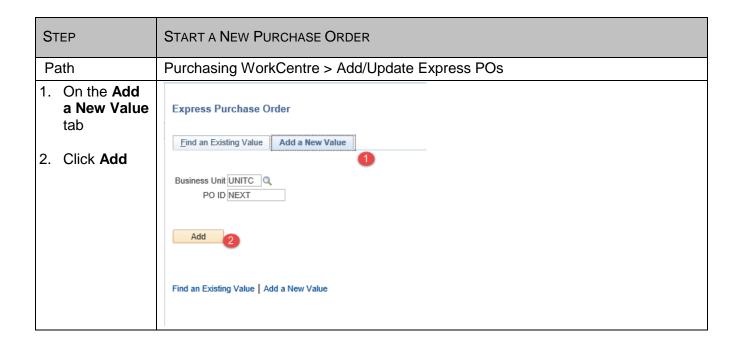
- Supplier
- Item/s to be purchased
 - o Item prices
 - o Item quantity
- Item Category, General Ledger Codes and Cost Centre Code
- Project Code or CEA number where applicable

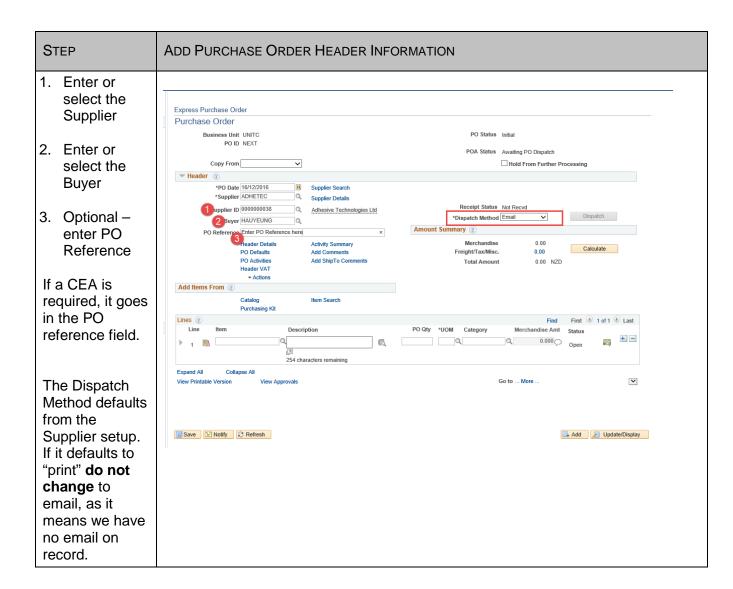
If you have been requested to raise a PO, then make sure that you have been provided all the relevant information from the requester.



A CEA (Capital Expenditure Authority) needs to be entered for Capital Expenditure and Assets. It is obtained by submitting a CEA request form which is saved on SharePoint. Contact Decision Support Team for access.

A project Code is issued by the Decision Support Team in Finance.







Selecting a supplier will default the following details

- GST Applicability (15% or none)
- Dispatch method of the PO (Print or Email)
- Payment Terms (20 next, 20 this month or pay now)
- Payment Method (Check / EFT)

Adding a **reference** will aid when searching for a particular Purchase Order, if you can't remember the PO Number

The person entering the order is restricted to creating orders with their own name as the buyer. Some users may be authorised to create orders for specific other buyers. This is administered by IMS.



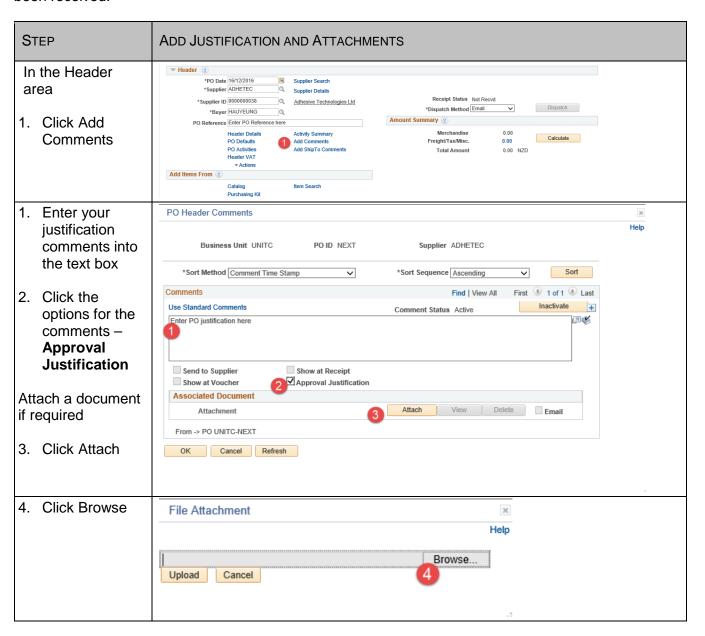
Selecting a buyer will default the following details

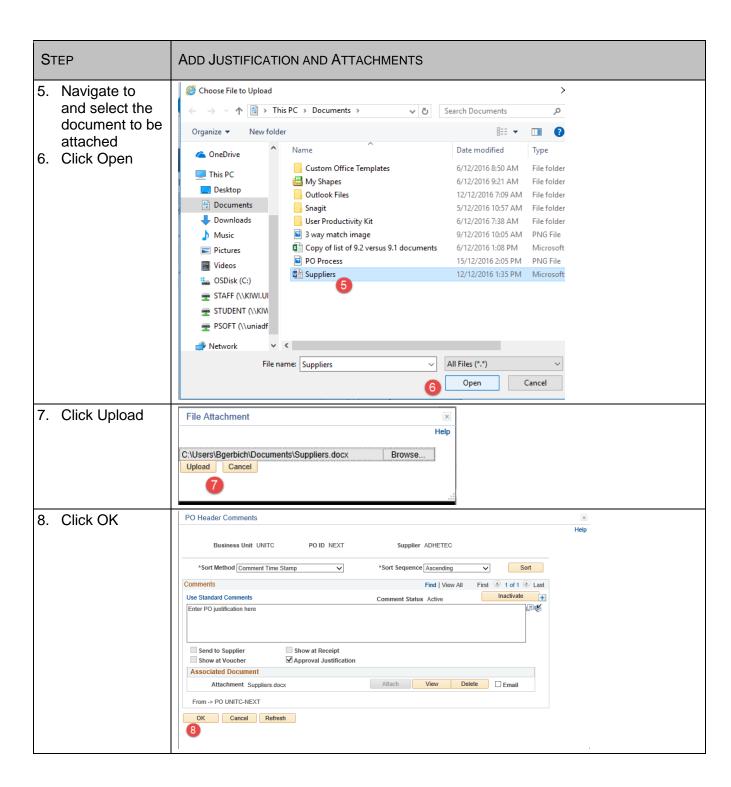
- Department
- Ship To Location
- Location
- Buyer's Phone / Fax details (please contact IMS if these details are not correct)

Adding Justification for Approval and Attachments

It is important that you add some notes to your purchase order so the approver knows why they should be approving.

You can also add an attachment if appropriate – this could be a copy of a quote that has been received.







Each comment can only have one (1) attachment. There can only be one active approval justification.

If you need to attach more than one document, scan all documents into one file, then attach.

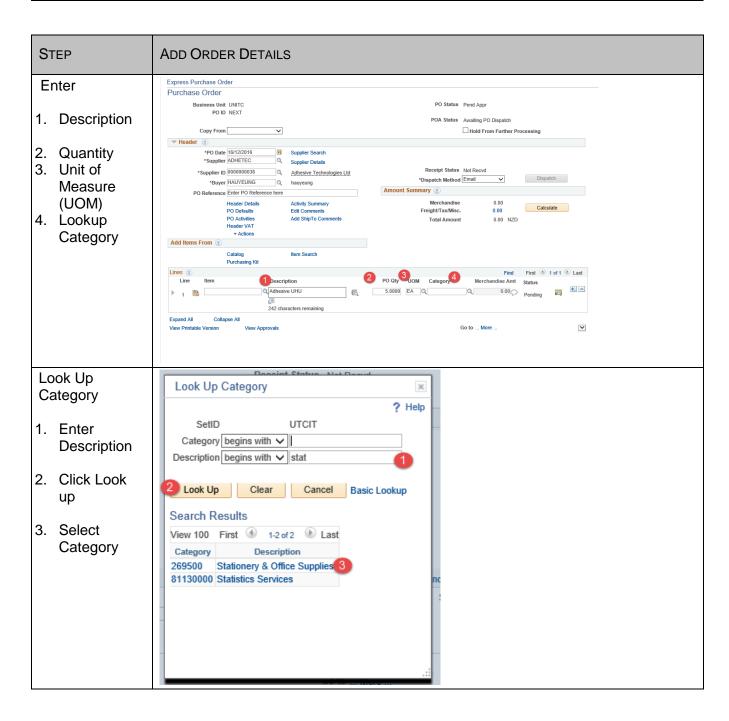


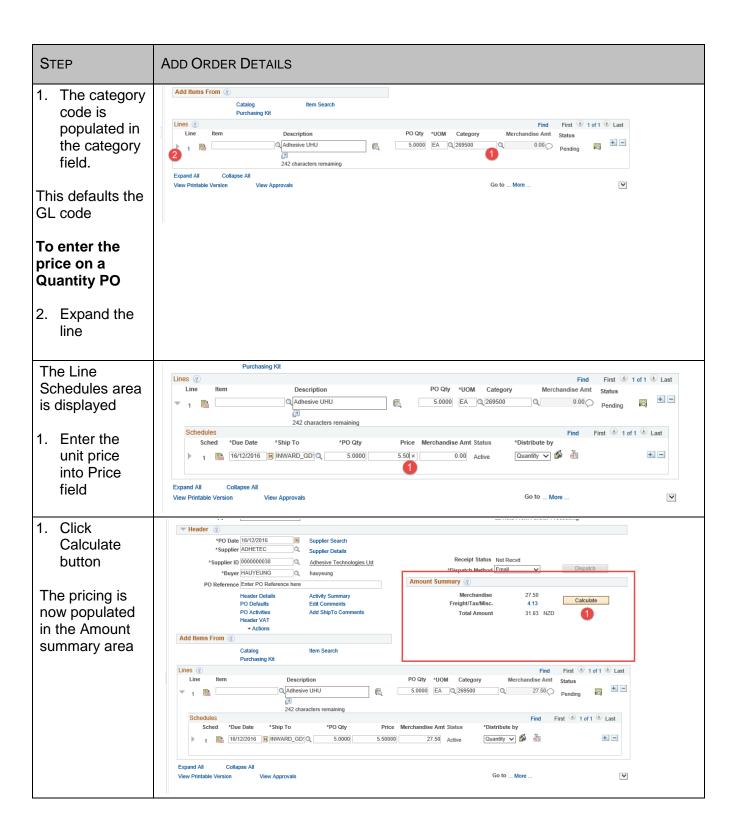
You can add other comments and attachments, for example a comment and attachment to be sent to the supplier with the purchase order when it is dispatched. The process is similar to what is described above.

Add Line Details

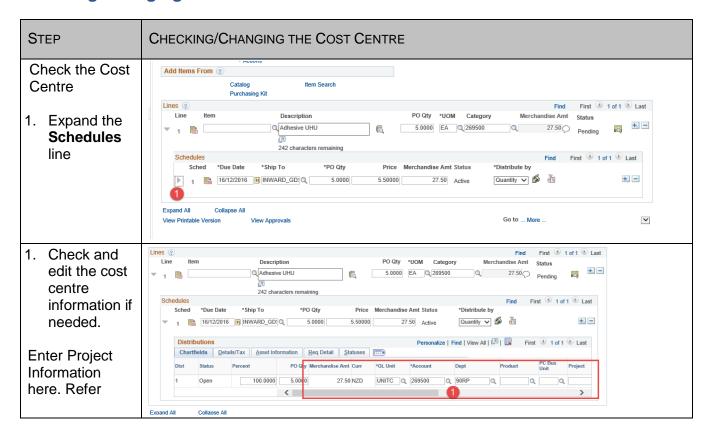


Please ensure that the description is meaningful. It must state what goods or services are being ordered. Do **NOT** enter 'as per contract' – the correct description would be "Teaching Services for Computing from 01/02/17 to xy date" or something similar.





Checking/Changing the Cost Centre



Splitting PO Line between GL Codes or Cost Centres

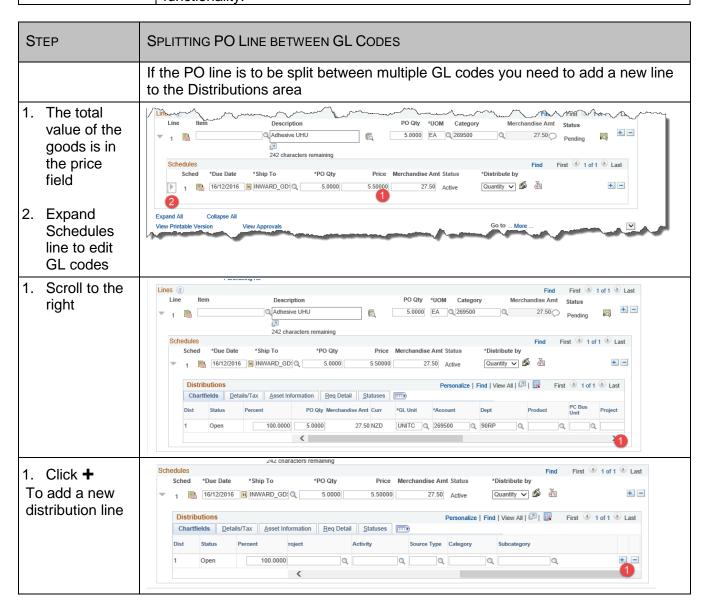
At times the costs of a Purchase Order will be split between two or more GL codes. This needs to be set up at the PO creation stage.

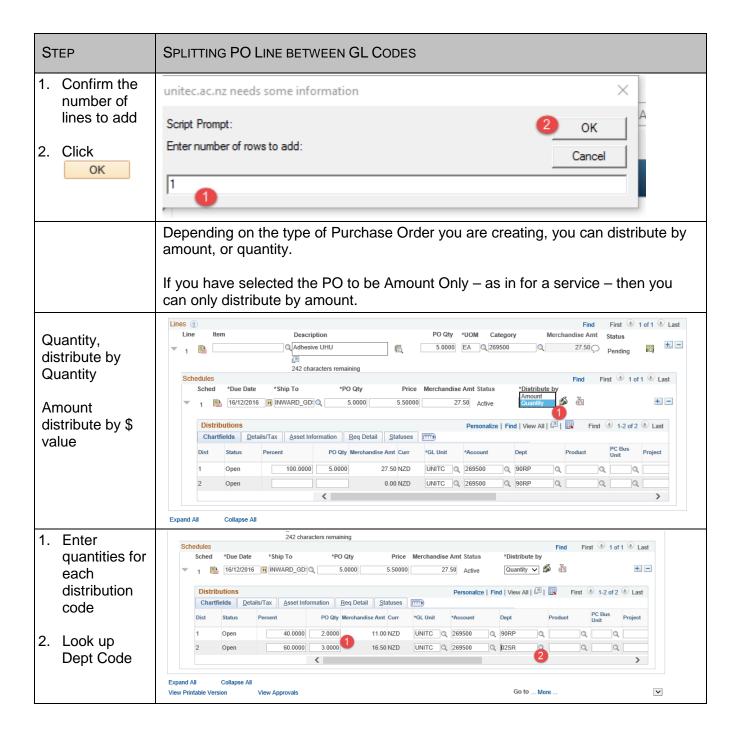


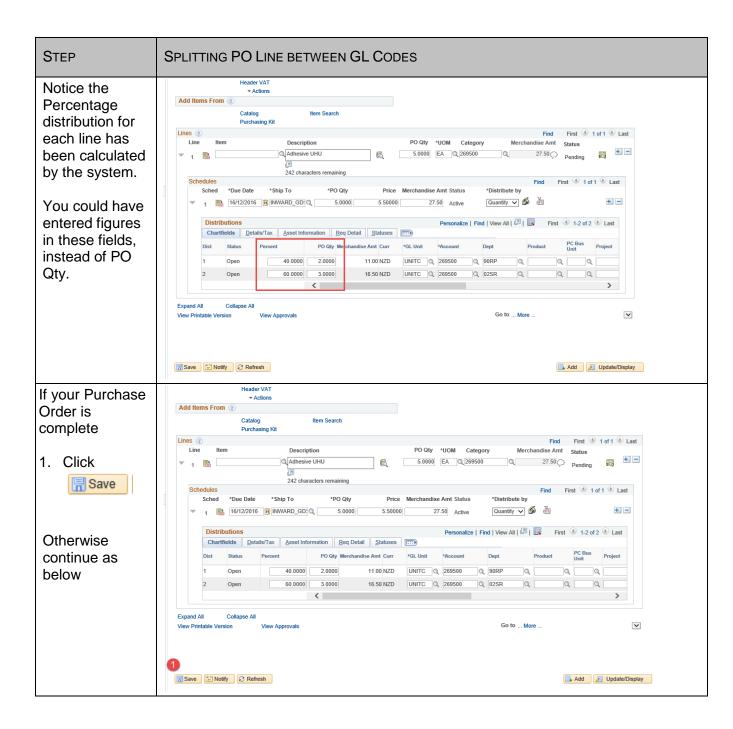
There are two options for doing this:

If we expect only one invoice and the distribution is fixed, we do this by adding distribution lines to the PO line. This makes voucher creation easier and faster for AP. This is the process described here. We will not be able to change the allocation during receipting.

If we are expecting multiple invoices, and the ratio by which the cost needs to be split can vary from invoice to invoice (standing order), then we need to create separate PO lines per cost centre, GL code or project so we can control the allocation during receipting. In this case we use the "Add another PO Line" functionality.

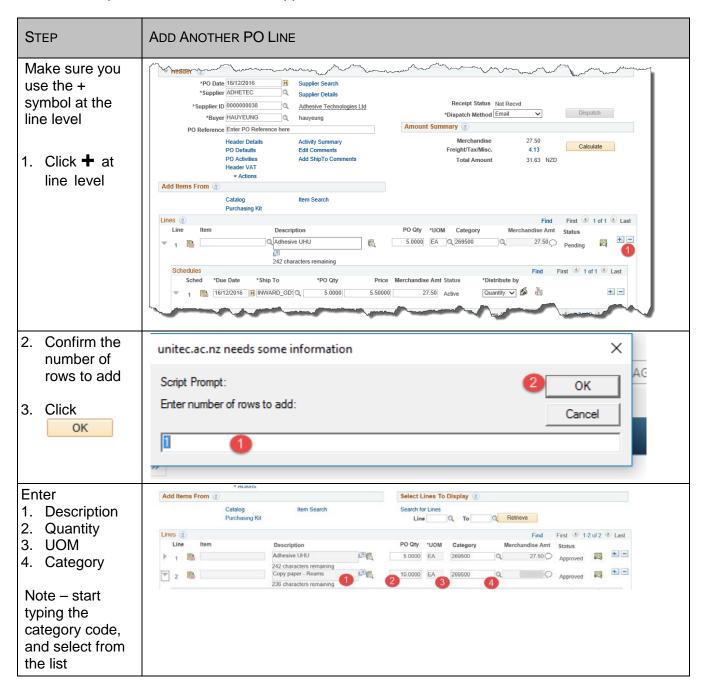


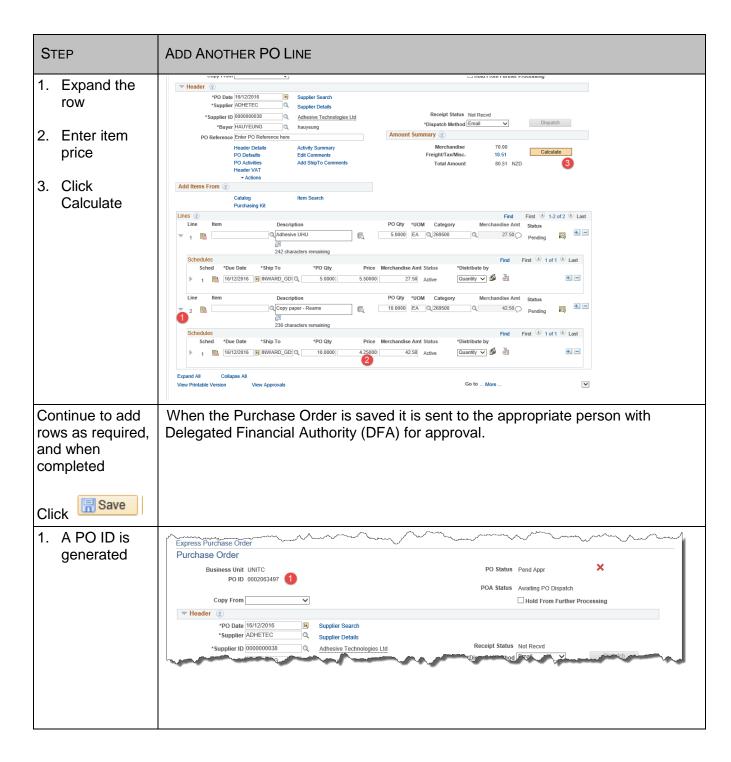




Add Another PO Line

To order multiple items from the same supplier on the same PO, add more rows.

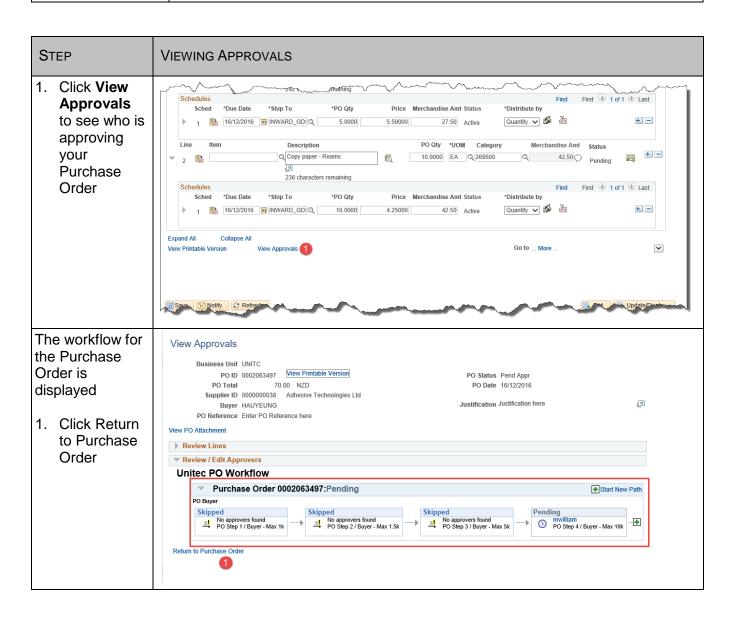




Viewing Approvals



Depending on the total value of the PO there may be several approvers. Please note that few cost centres have approvers at each step. Where there is no approver for a step, the Approval routing will show "skipped".



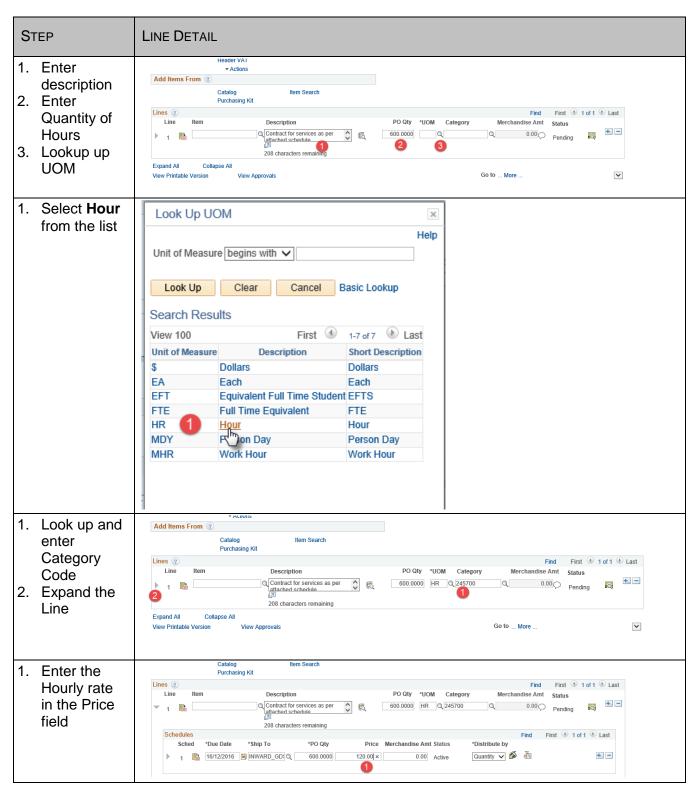
Hourly Rate Purchase Order

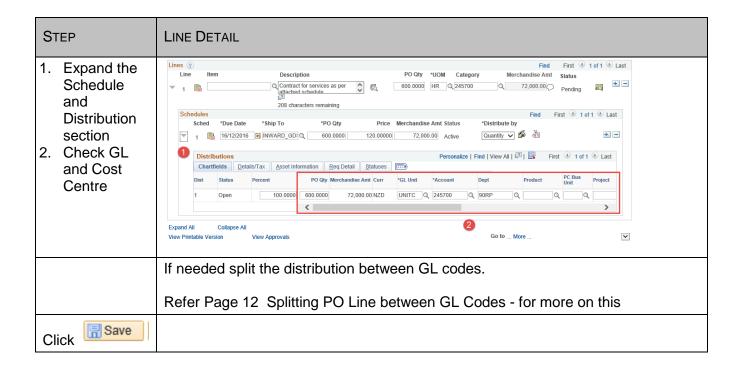
Objective

A contract has been awarded for a given number of hours over a period of time – maybe a couple of weeks, or several months. The PO is raised as a Quantity, but the Unit of Measure (UOM) is hours

ST	ΈΡ	HOURLY RATE PURCHASE ORDER	
Pa	ath	Purchasing WorkCentre > Add/Update Express POs	
1.	On the Add a New Value tab	Express Purchase Order Find an Existing Value Add a New Value	
		Business Unit UNITC Q PO ID NEXT	
		Add 2	
		Find an Existing Value Add a New Value	
1.	Enter or select the Supplier	Express Purchase Order Purchase Order Business Unit UNITC PO Status Initial PO 110 NEXT	
2.	Enter or	POA Status Awarting PO Dispatch Copy From Hold From Further Processing	
	select the Buyer	**Po Date 16/12/2016 5	
3.	Optional – enter PO Reference	PO Reference Hourly rate contract	
fro Su If i "p ch en mo	ne Dispatch ethod defaults om the upplier setup. it defaults to rint" do not nange to nail, as it eans we have o email on cord.	Add Items From ② Catalog Item Search Purchasing Kit	

STEP	HOURLY RATE PURCHASE ORDER
	Add Justification for Approval – refer Page 7 for more on this.





Create a Purchase Order for a Value



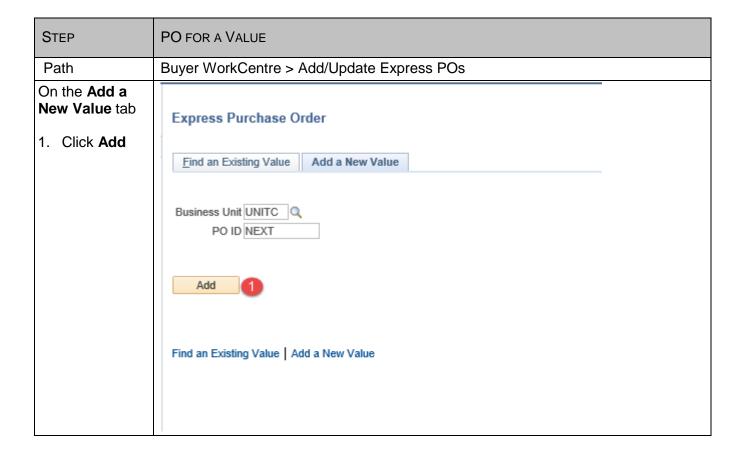
When creating a Purchase Order for services or a given dollar amount, best practice is to order by value of the complete contract, with a quantity of 1.

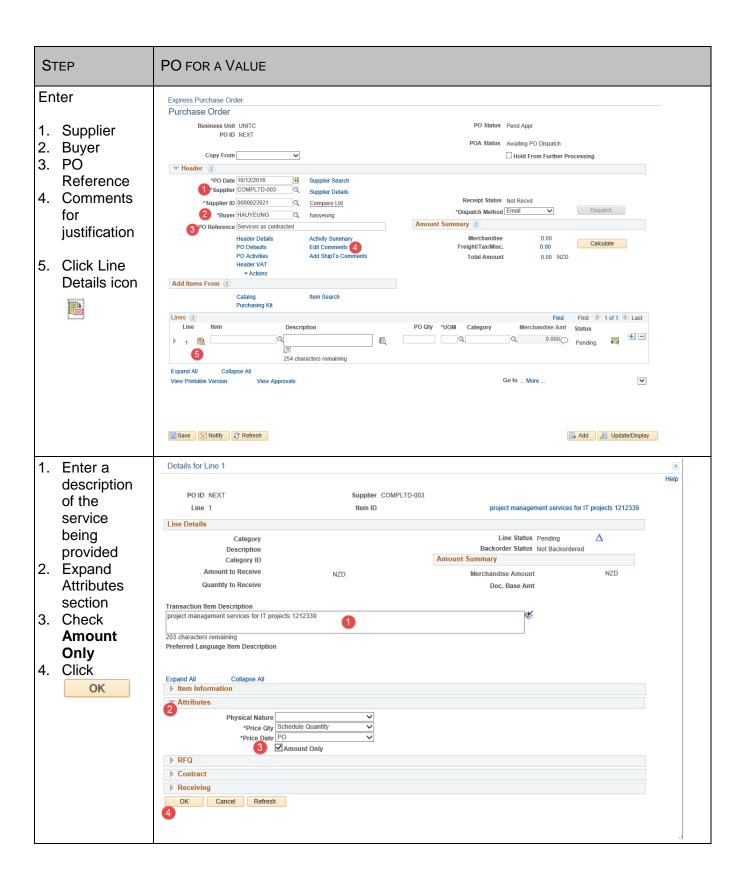
As the service is invoiced monthly, the receipt is entered for the value of the invoice, thus gradually reducing the amount left on the PO.

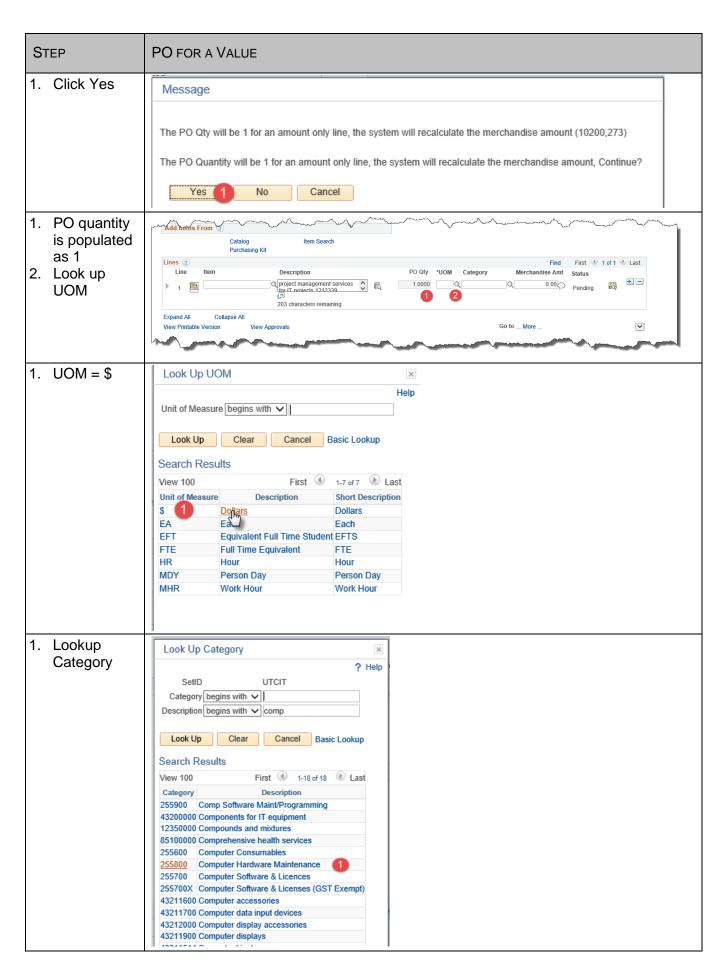
Objective

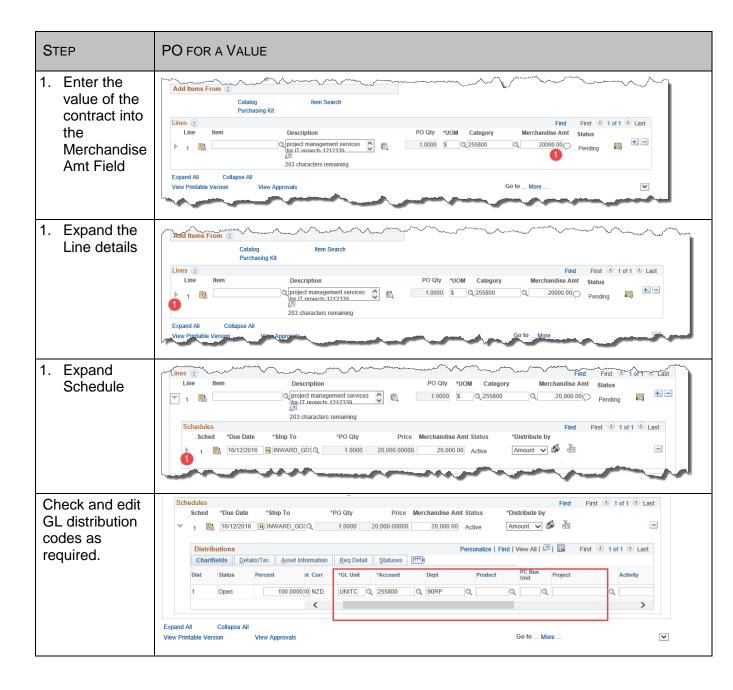
Use this type of PO for ordering services with a dollar value attached.

Scenario – consultant providing services to the value of \$20,000, over several months, but will invoice and be paid monthly. They are going to be paid based on work completed, rather than an hourly rate.





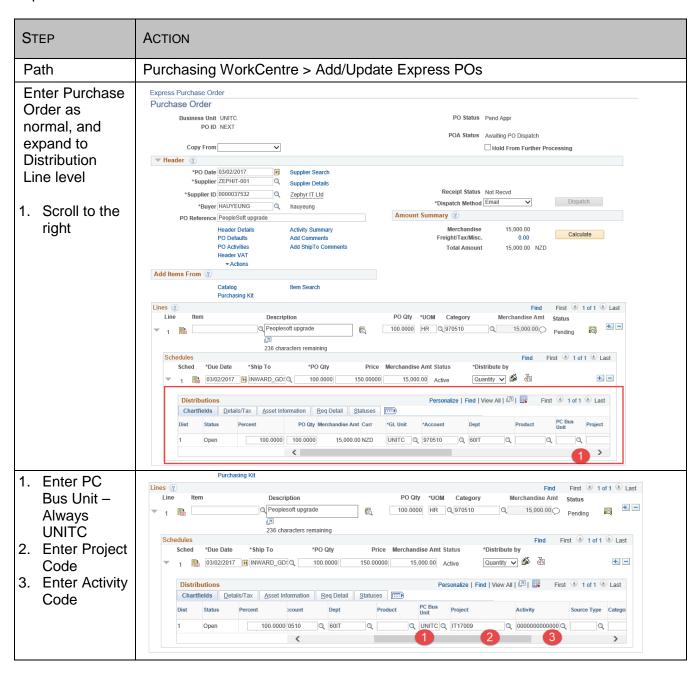




Add Project Information to a PO

When a Purchase Order is raised for a project, or for a certain GL code/Cost centre combinations Project Details must be entered into the Purchase Order.at the distribution line level.

You will receive error messages if you have not provided this information if the system requires it.





The Project Codes you can select from are governed by the combo-edit rules depends on combination of GL code and cost centre.

Contact Decision Support for clarification if required.

Purchase Order on Hold

You can save a PO midway through and resume entering data at a later time. This places the order on hold, and it will not proceed through to approval.

Or

After submitting a PO, you can select to hold from further processing. The notification email has already been sent to the approver, however, it will not appear on their worklist if on hold so you have the opportunity to make amendments before it gets approved.

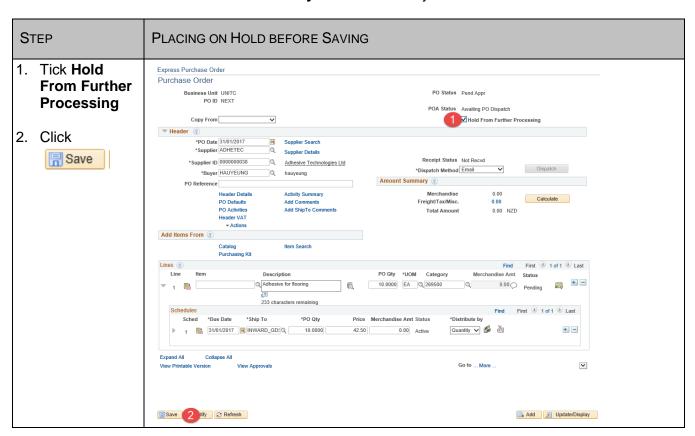


If you haven't already done so, you need to set up filters to view On-Hold Purchase Orders.

See separate document 1 – Buyer Set Up

Placing on Hold before Saving

Part way through creating your PO, you can select **Hold From Further Purchasing**, before saving. This effectively saves the incomplete purchase order for you to complete at a later time. You can retrieve this from the link in "**My Work**" in the Buyer WorkCenter.

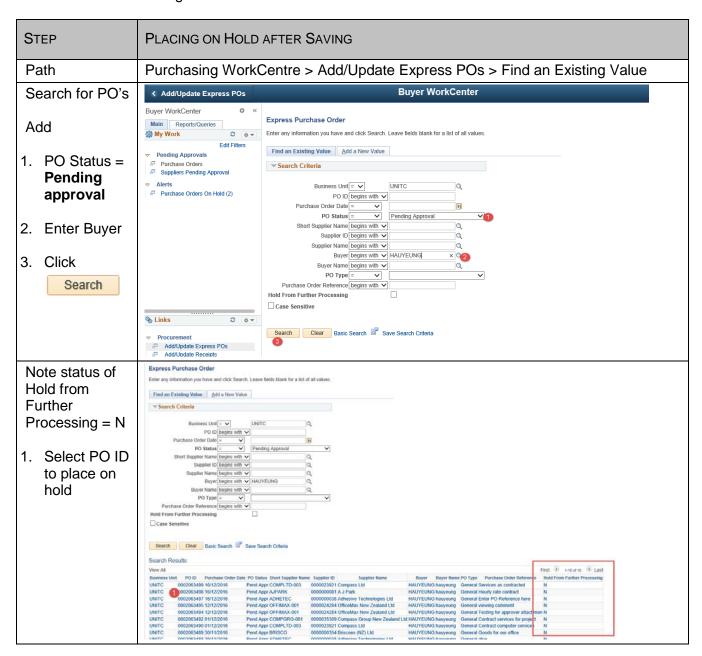


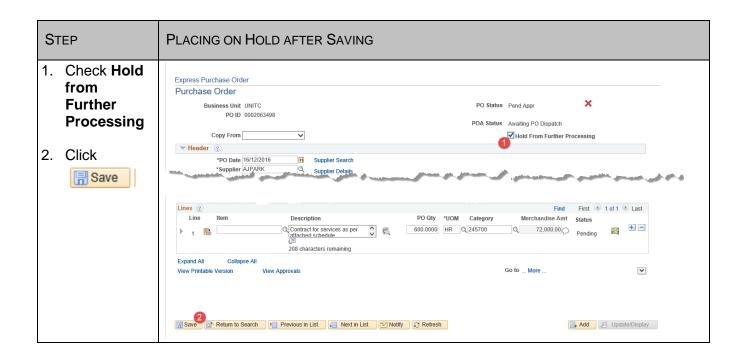


Putting a Purchase Order on hold means it will not be sent for approval

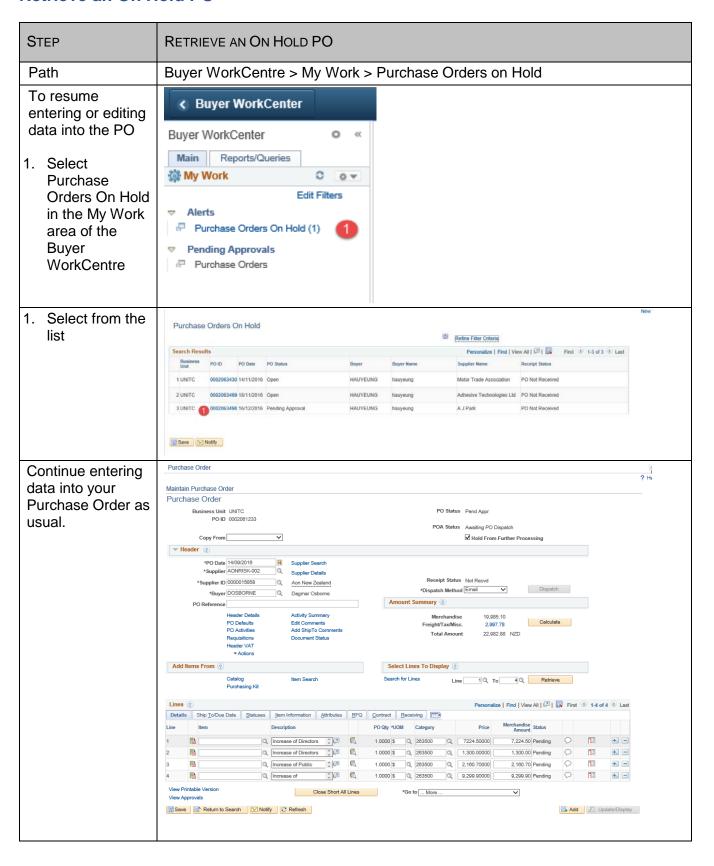
Placing on Hold after Saving

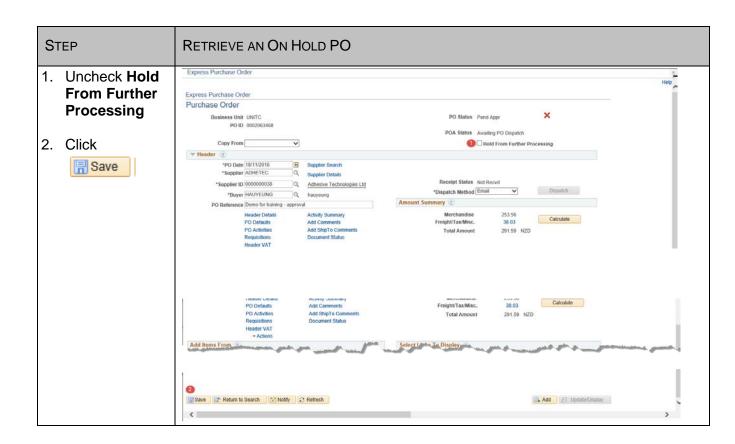
You can select **Hold From Further Processing**, even after having saved the Purchase Order. The notification email will have been sent to the approver, however because the PO is now on hold, the PO will not appear in their worklist and they will not be able to approve it. The email link will no longer work.

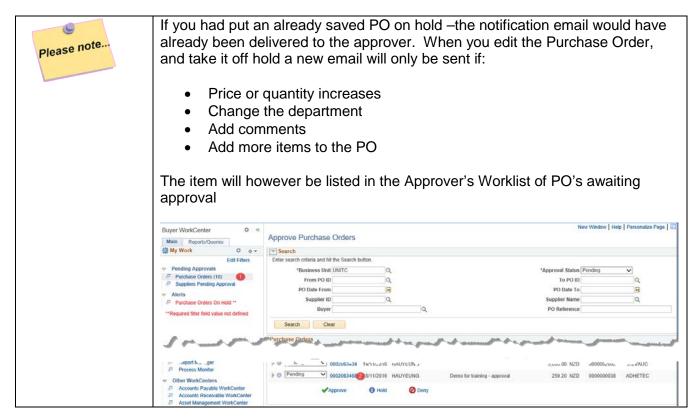




Retrieve an On Hold PO





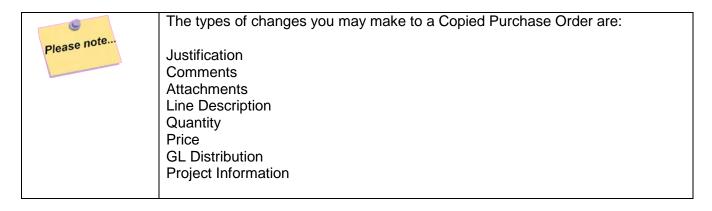


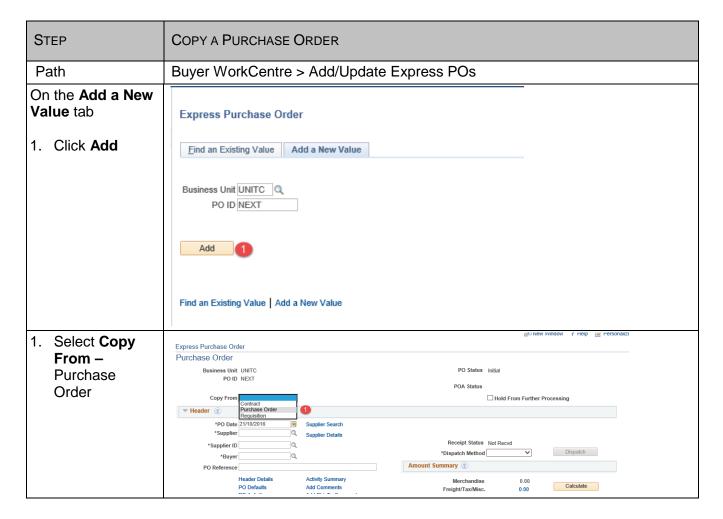
Copy a PO

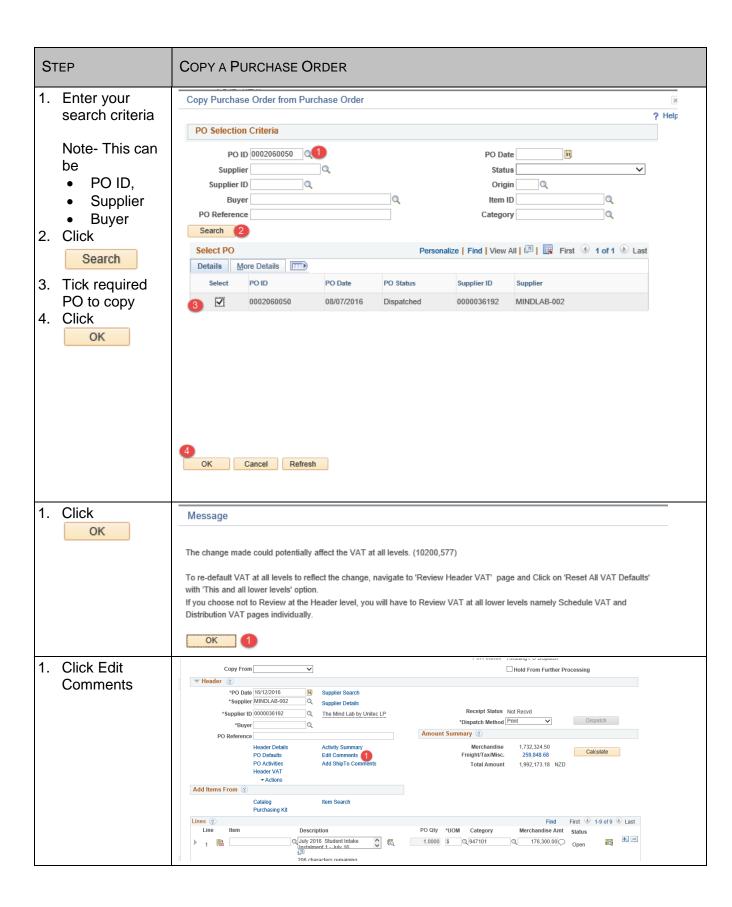
If a particularly long and complicated purchase order is being created, it can be more efficient to copy from a similar PO, with the same supplier, that already exists, and edit where required.

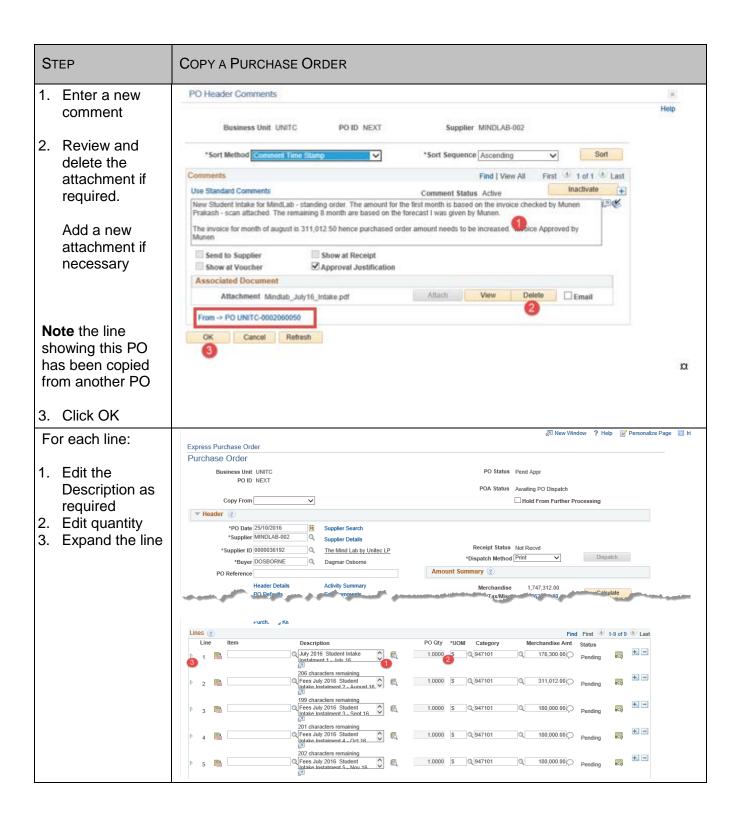
Objective

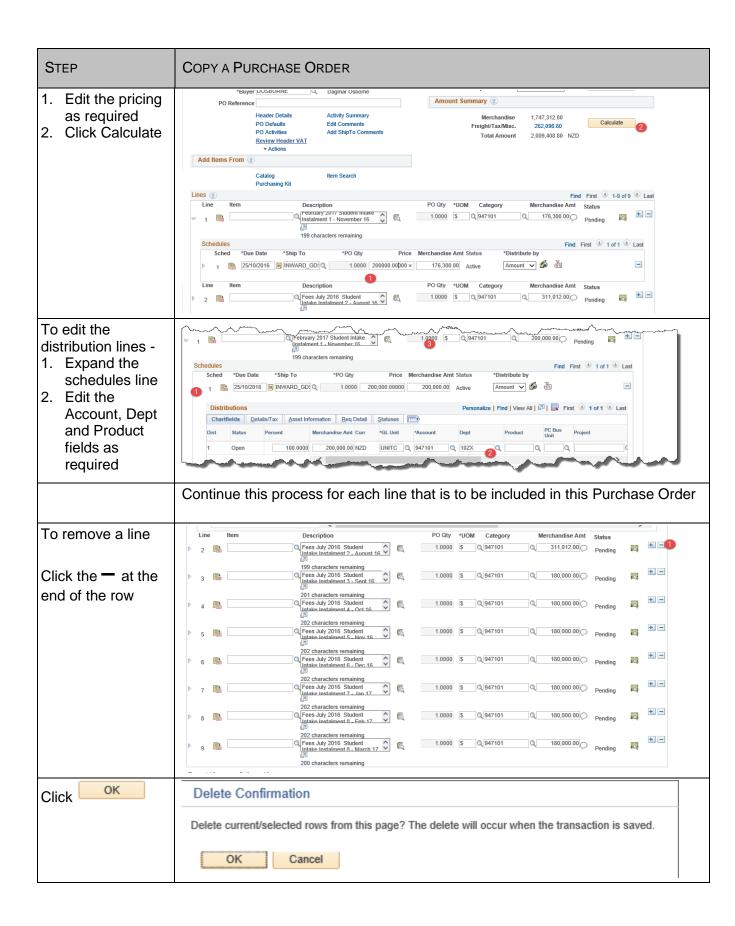
To understand when to use the Copy PO, and how to create a Purchase Order using this function.













Viewing PO Approval Workflow

If the PO is of such a value that it needs to be approved by multiple approvers, you can check to see who it is sitting with awaiting approval.

Objective

Know how to search for and view who has approved, and who is still to approve a Purchase Order

